



# Putting European transport on track for the future













Through the implementation of this strategy, we will create an irreversible shift to zero-emission mobility while making our transport system more efficient and resilient.

EUROPEAN COMMISSIONER FOR MOBILITY AND TRANSPORT ADINA **VĂLEAN** 





#### **Context**

- European Green Deal calls for a 90% reduction in GHG emissions from transport by 2050, to help the EU become the first climate neutral continent.
- To this end, the Commission adopted a Strategy for Sustainable and Smart Mobility on 9 December in 2020.
- In the meantime, transport was amongst the sectors hardest hit by the Coronavirus pandemic and we need to ensure that the sector can quickly recover from the severe impacts of the crisis.
- Strategy sets out reforms, policies and actions to support the sector.



### The Strategy

Our vision for the future of European transport and mobility

#### **KEY ELEMENTS**

- 3 objectives: making the European transport system more sustainable, smart and resilient
- 10 flagship areas with key milestones
- Action plan with a list of concrete policy actions
- Comprehensive Staff Working Document



#### **Milestones – 2030/35**

By 2030

- Min. 30 million zero-emission cars and 80 000 zero-emission lorries in operation
- Min. 100 climate neutral cities
- Scheduled collective travel under 500 km should be carbon-neutral within the EU
- Doubled high-speed rail traffic, rail freight traffic increases by 50%
- Transport by inland waterways & short sea shipping increases by 25%
- Rail & waterborne-based intermodal will be able to compete on equal footing with road-only transport in the EU
- Paperless freight transport
- Automated mobility deployed at a large scale
- Integrated electronic ticketing
- Operational multimodal Trans-European Transport Network equipped for sustainable and smart transport with high speed connectivity (core network)
- Zero-emission ocean-going vessels ready for market

By 2035

Large zero-emission aircraft ready for market



#### Milestones – 2050

By 2050

- Nearly all cars, vans, buses as well as new heavy-duty vehicles will be zeroemission
- Doubled rail freight traffic, trippled high-speed rail traffic
- Transport by inland waterways & short sea shipping increases by 50%
- External costs of transport within the EU covered by transport users
- Death toll for all modes of transport in the EU close to zero
- Operational multimodal Trans-European Transport Network equipped for sustainable and smart transport with high speed connectivity (comprehensive network)





#### AN IRREVERSIBLE SHIFT TO ZERO-EMISSION MOBILITY

- Making all transport modes more sustainable,
- Making sustainable alternatives widely available in a multimodal transport system,
- Putting in place the right incentives to drive the transition.







#### **FLAGSHIP AREAS**

- BOOSTING UPTAKE OF ZERO-EMISSION VEHICLES, RENEWABLE & LOW-CARBON FUELS AND RELATED INFRASTRUCTURE
- CREATING ZERO-EMISSION AIRPORTS AND PORTS
- Making interurban and urban mobility more sustainable and healthy
- GREENING FREIGHT TRANSPORT
- PRICING CARBON AND PROVIDING BETTER INCENTIVES FOR USERS





#### SMART MOBILITY - ACHIEVING SEAMLESS, SAFE AND EFFICIENT CONNECTIVITY

- Offering a seamless multimodal experience
- Supporting sustainable choices by taking advantage of digitalization & automation
- Shaping the mobility of the future
- Ensuring the right framework and enablers are in place





• INNOVATION, DATA AND AI FOR SMART MOBILITY





## A MORE RESILIENT SINGLE EUROPEAN TRANSPORT AREA: FOR INCLUSIVE CONNECTIVITY

- Reinforcing the Single Market
- Helping the sector build back better from the crisis & become more resilient
- Increasing investments, both public and private, in infrastructure and fleets







#### **FLAGSHIP AREAS**

• REINFORCING THE SINGLE MARKET

Making mobility fair and just for all

• ENHANCING TRANSPORT SAFETY AND SECURITY





## THE EU AS THE WORLD'S CONNECTIVITY HUB

- Ensuring undistorted international competition & a level playing field
- Deepening of transport relations
- Supporting the EU enlargement process
- Promoting global climate action



## **Aviation**



#### **Aviation – Key elements**

- ReFuelEU Aviation, boosting production & uptake of sustainable aviation fuels.
- Incentives for cleaner & quieter aircraft
- Clean airports
- Single European Sky: a modernised regulatory framework & digital ATM infrastructure
- 'Drone Strategy 2.0': further improved drone ecosystem in Europe
- Updated rules for a more competitive, sustainable & resilient Aviation Single
   Market
- CORSIA to internalise cost of CO2 emissions for aviation globally
- Renew partnerships for aviation: SESAR and Clean Aviation Partnership
- Empowering consumers: Developing an environmental label for aviation





#### **Waterborne – Key elements**

- FuelEU Maritime, boosting production & uptake of renewable low-carbon maritime fuels
- Revision of ETS to internalise cost of CO2 emissions for maritime transport
- Clean ports and initiatives on marine pollution
- Foster development of decarbonisation and zero-pollution measures at IMO
- Launch NAIADES III to boost inland waterways transport
- Paperless freight: Maritime Single Window environment, electronic freight transport (eFTI) & other electronic tools
- Foster development of Autonomous maritime systems
- Initiatives to enhance living and working conditions for seafarers
- Revision of the mandate of European Maritime Safety Agency
- Revision of the maritime legislation on flag state and port state control
- Revision of the EU Ship Recycling Regulation



## **Road Transport**





#### **Road – Key elements**

- Revision of the CO2 standards for cars and vans & review of CO2 standards for heavyduty vehicles
- More stringent air pollutant emissions standards for combustion engine vehicles:
   Euro 7
- Improved emissions testing in roadworthiness checks
- New regulation on batteries, incl. sustainability criteria
- Revision of rules on weights and dimensions of heavy-duty vehicles to increase competitiveness of zero-emission vehicles
- Adoption of legislation for approval of connected & automated vehicles
- Revision of the Directive on cross-border enforcement of traffic rules
- External costs of transport within the EU to be covered by transport users
- Road Safety: Vision Zero by 2050





Rail transport

### Rail – Key elements

- EU 2021 Rail Corridor Initiative:
  - Action plan to boost passenger rail services
  - Better alignment of TEN-T corridors and rail freight corridors
- Review of **TEN-T Guidelines**, incl. high-speed lines
- Measures to better manage & coordinate international rail traffic (2022)
- Framework for ticketing across modes
- Deployment of new technologies such as digital coupling & automation
- Further decarbonisation through electrification & increased use of hydrogen and batteries where electrification is not possible
- European Year of Rail 2021



### **Evaluation of Urban Mobility Package (UMP)**

An evaluation of the 2013 Urban Mobility Package is finalised and published:

https://eur-lex.europa.eu/legal-content/en/TXT/?uri=CELEX:52021SC0047

 Despite some progress done – congestion, poor air quality, CO2 emissions and road accidents – still persist. New challenges to consider:



1. Poor connectivity of peri-urban and rural areas



2. Accelerating climate and environmental crises



3. New mobility services enabled by digitalisation



4. Impact of Covid and changes in mobility, work and consumption patterns

## Roadmap on the new EU urban mobility framework – challenges to tackle

- The mobility patterns in EU cities are changing, affected by technological, socio-demographic, cultural and environmental factors.
- There is a need for a more coordinated approach, in particular in the areas where EU action can contribute the most, such as ensuring bigger coverage and quality of sustainable urban mobility plans and a more coherent approach to urban mobility data and indicators to monitor progress e.g. towards climate neutrality.
- [Feedback period on the roadmap closed on 25/05]

https://ec.europa.eu/info/law/better-regulation/have-your-say/initiatives/12916-Sustainable-transport-new-urban-mobility-framework\_en

### New EU urban mobility framework - goals

Building on 2013 urban mobility package, the initiative will propose a comprehensive enabling EU framework to assist and incentivise Member States and cities in developing safe, accessible, inclusive, affordable, smart, resilient and zero-emission urban mobility as an important contribution to meeting the 2050 climate target.

Contributing to the transition to a climate-neutral economy and emission-free transport at local level, it will address transport pollution and draw lessons from COVID-19 pandemic

An important part will be the strengthened role of urban nodes on the Trans-European Transport (TEN-T) Network as vital enablers of sustainable, efficient and multi-modal transport.



## Preparation of next steps – new urban mobility framework

- Engaging with cities to ensure that all large and medium-sized cities that are urban nodes on the <u>TEN-T network</u> put in place their own sustainable urban mobility plans (SUMPs) by 2030 and collect minimum harmonsed urban mobility data
- Active transport modes, such as cycling, have seen growth with cities announcing over 2300 km of extra cycling infrastructure. This should be doubled in the next decade towards 5000 km in safe bike lanes
- Clearer guidance is needed on **mobility management at local and regional level**, including on better urban planning, and on connectivity with **rural and suburban areas**, so that commuters are given sustainable mobility options
- Shift towards shared and collaborative mobility services (shared cars, bikes, ride-hailing, and other forms of micromobility) facilitated by the emergence of intermediary platforms, thereby enabling the reduction of the number of vehicles in daily traffic



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